

## APPRENTICESHIP MATH 12 <br> DATA SHEET

## Common Length Conversions

| Imperial | Imperial and SI | SI |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 foot $=12$ inches | 1 inch $=2.54 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| 1 yard $=3$ feet | 1 foot $=30.48 \mathrm{~cm}$ | $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| 1 yard $=36$ inches | 1 yard $=0.9144 \mathrm{~m}$ | $1 \mathrm{~m}=1000 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| 1 mile $=1760$ yards | 1 mile $\approx 1.609 \mathrm{~km}$ | $1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 1 mile $=5280$ feet |  |  |

## Area and Perimeter

| Geometric Figure | Perimeter | Area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rectangle | $P=2 l+2 w$ <br> or $P=2(l+w)$ | $A=l w$ |
| Triangle | $P=a+b+c$ | $A=\frac{b h}{2}$ |
| Circle | $C=\pi d$ <br> or $C=2 \pi r$ | $A=\pi r^{2}$ |

## Surface Area

| Geometric Figure | Surface Area |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cylinder | $\begin{aligned} & A_{\text {top }}=\pi r^{2} \\ & A_{\text {base }}=\pi r^{2} \\ & A_{\text {side }}=2 \pi r h \\ & S A=2 \pi r^{2}+2 \pi r h \end{aligned}$ |
| Sphere | $S A=4 \pi r^{2}$ <br> or $S A=\pi d^{2}$ |
| Cone | $\begin{aligned} & A_{\text {side }}=\pi r s \\ & A_{\text {base }}=\pi r^{2} \\ & S A=\pi r^{2}+\pi r s \end{aligned}$ |
| Square-Based Pyramid | $\begin{aligned} & A_{\text {triangle }}=\frac{1}{2} b s(\text { for each triangle }) \\ & A_{\text {base }}=b^{2} \\ & S A=2 b s+b^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Rectangular Prism <br> l | $S A=w h+w h+l w+l w+l h+l h$ <br> or $S A=2(w h+l w+l h)$ |

## Volume

Prisms and Cylinders: .................... $V=A_{\text {base }} \times h$

| Sphere: .................................... $V=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$ or $V=\frac{4 \pi r^{3}}{3}$ |
| :--- |
| Pyramid (Rectangular Base): $\ldots \ldots . . V=\frac{1}{3} l w h$ or $V=\frac{l w h}{3}$ |
| Cone:........................................ $V=\frac{1}{3} \pi r^{2} h$ or $V=\frac{\pi r^{2} h}{3}$ |

## Triangles

| Pythagorean Theorem | $\mathrm{a}^{2}+\mathrm{b}^{2}=\mathrm{c}^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Sum of Angles | $\angle A+\angle B+\angle C=180^{\circ}$ |
| Trigonometric Ratios SOH CAH TOA | $\begin{array}{ccc} \sin \theta=\frac{o p p}{h y p} & \cos \theta=\frac{a d j}{h y p} & \tan \theta=\frac{o p p}{a d j} \\ \theta=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{o p p}{h y p}\right) & \theta=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{a d j}{h y p}\right) & \theta=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{o p p}{a d j}\right) \end{array}$ |
| Similar Triangles | $\begin{aligned} & \angle A=\angle X \\ & \angle B=\angle Y \\ & \angle C=\angle Z \end{aligned} \quad \frac{a}{x}=\frac{b}{y}=\frac{c}{z}$ |

## Financial Literacy

| Simple Interest | $I=P r t$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Compound Interest | $A=P\left(1+\frac{r}{n}\right)^{n t}$ |
| Rule of 72 | Years to double investment |
| $=72 \div$ interest rate (as \%) |  |

