

**NOTES: Scale Drawings**

Date: Nov. 7

**Scale drawings** (or models) are used to accurately represent an actual object. Drawing (or model) measurements are proportionally larger or smaller than the real object.

**scale statement**

- a ratio that compares the size of a model to the size of the original object

$$\text{model length} : \text{original length}$$

\* measurements in the same units

- for example, a model might be given a scale statement of 3:5 (this means that 3 units on the model represent 5 units on the original object)

**Example**

A model of a sports car is 25 cm long. The actual sports car is 2.4 m long. Express this as a scale statement. *Some units*

① all measurements in (cm)

$$\frac{1 \text{ m}}{100 \text{ cm}} = \frac{2.4 \text{ m}}{x}$$

$$x = 100 \times 2.4 = 240 \text{ cm}$$

② create ratio

model : original (actual)

$$25 : 240$$

③ reduce to lowest terms

$$5 : 48$$

$$1 : 9.6$$

\* scale statements often reduced so that the smallest number = 1

**You Try**

The tires on the actual sports car are 0.3 m in diameter. What is the diameter of the tires on the model?

5 : 48 ← scale statement

$$\frac{\text{model}}{5}{48} = \frac{x}{\text{actual}}{0.3 \text{ m}}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \times 0.3}{48}$$

$$= 0.03125 \text{ m}$$

$$\times 100$$

cm is a more appropriate unit

$$= \boxed{3.125 \text{ cm}}$$

**scale factor**

- the number by which all the dimensions of an original figure are multiplied to produce an enlargement (scale factor > 1) or a reduction (scale factor < 1)

*tells us how the size changes.*

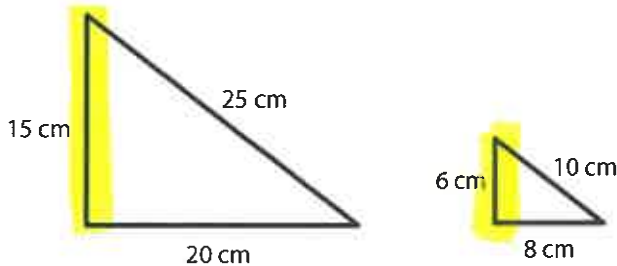
$$\text{scale factor} = \frac{\text{model length}}{\text{original length}}$$

*\* measurements need to be in the same units*

**Example**

Write a scale statement for the reduced or enlarged object and calculate the scale factor used to create the reduced or enlarged object.

Original:  $\times 0.4 =$  Model:



*Scale statement .*



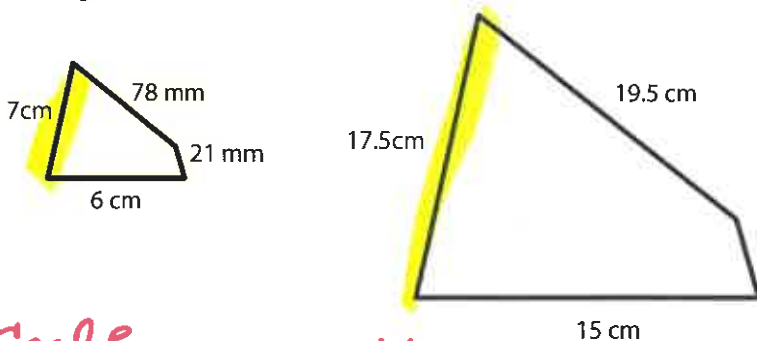
Scale factor:  $SF = \frac{M}{O}$   
 $= \frac{6}{15}$   
 $= \boxed{0.4}$

scale statement = 2:5 or 1:2.5  
 scale factor = 0.4

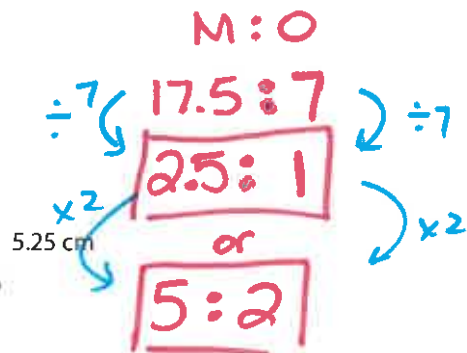
**You Try**

Write a scale statement for the reduced or enlarged object and calculate the scale factor used to create the reduced or enlarged object.

Original:  $\times 2.5 =$  Model:



*Scale statement*



Scale factor:  $SF = \frac{M}{O}$   
 $= \frac{17.5}{7}$   
 $= \boxed{2.5}$

scale statement = 5:2 or 2.5:1  
 scale factor = 2.5

change cm  $\rightarrow$  m

$$\frac{1\text{m}}{100\text{cm}} = \frac{x}{3.7\text{cm}}$$

$$x = 0.037\text{ m}$$

change km  $\rightarrow$  m

$$\frac{1\text{km}}{1000\text{m}} = \frac{1850\text{km}}{x}$$

$$x = 1850000\text{ m}$$

### Example

The distance between Vancouver and Winnipeg is approximately 1850 km in a straight line. The same distance on a map is 3.7 cm.

Write a scale statement for the map in the form 1:x.

What scale factor was used to make the map?

scale statement

map  $\rightarrow$  model : original  $\leftarrow$  real world

$$\begin{array}{l} 0.037 : 1850000 \\ | : 5000000 \end{array}$$

$\div 0.037$   $\div 0.037$

scale statement = 1:50000000

scale factor = 0.00000002

Scale factor

$$SF = \frac{\text{model}}{\text{original}}$$

$$= \frac{0.037}{1850000}$$

$$= 2 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$= 2 \times 10^{-8}$$

move decimal 8 places to the left

$$0.000000002$$